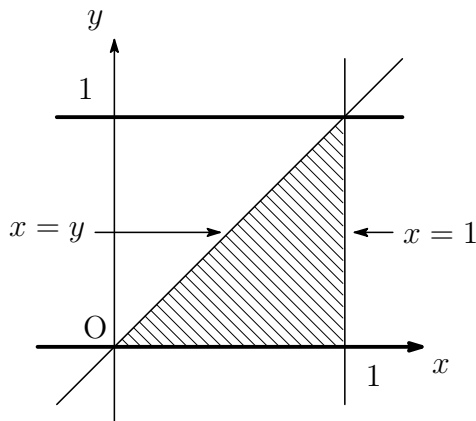
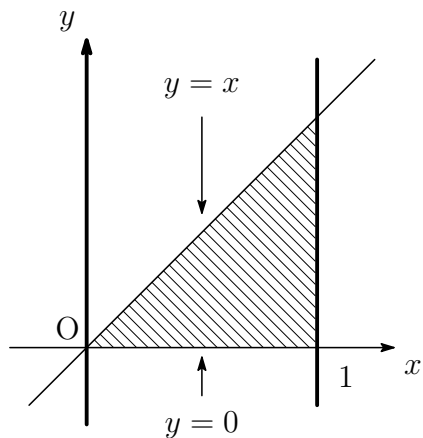
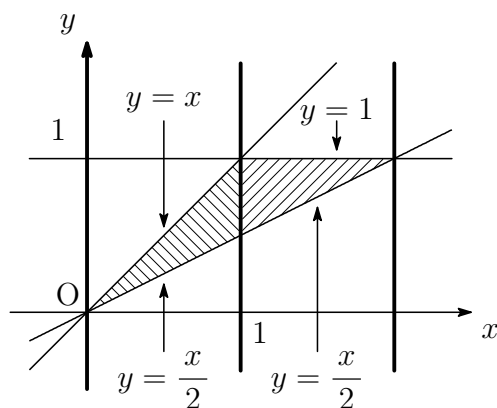
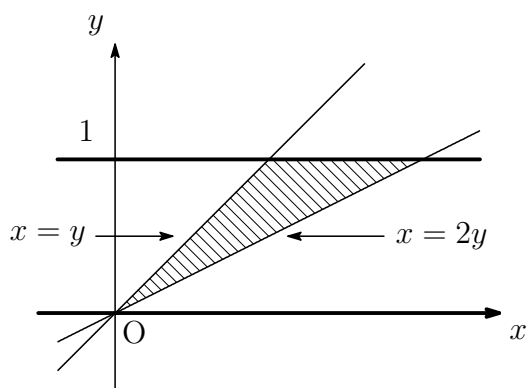


問題 20.1

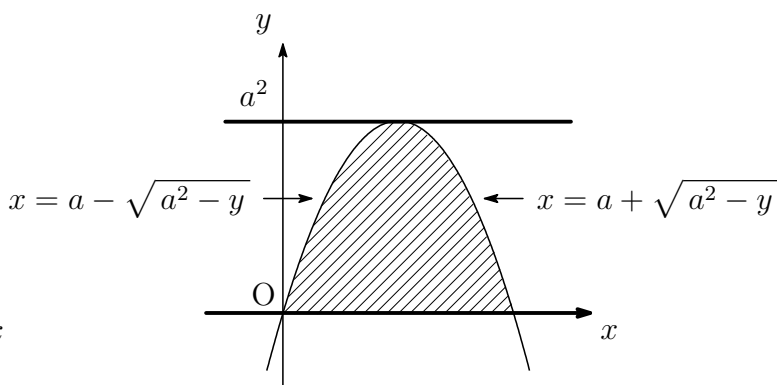
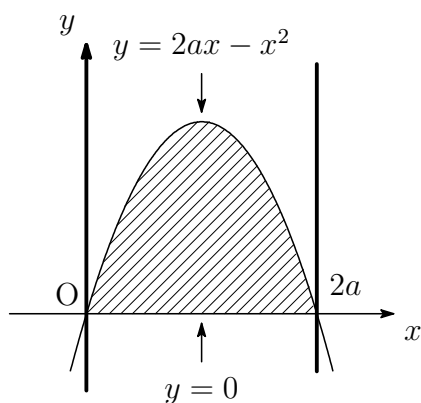
$$(1) \int_0^1 \left(\int_0^x f(x, y) dy \right) dx = \int_0^1 \left(\int_y^1 f(x, y) dx \right) dy .$$



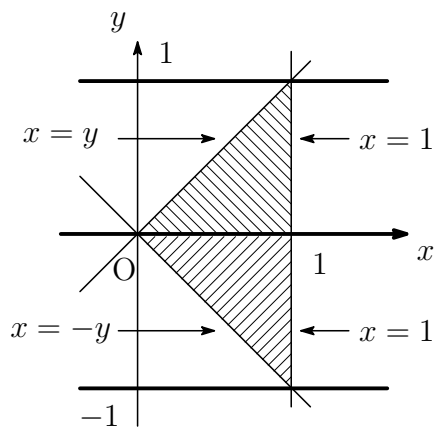
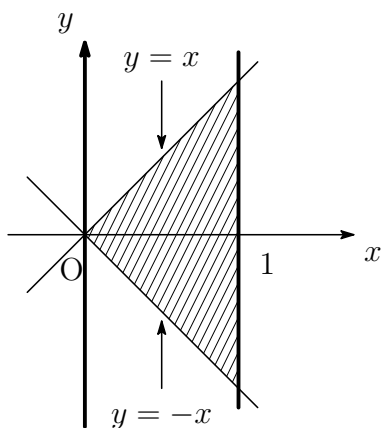
$$(2) \int_0^1 \left(\int_y^{2y} f(x, y) dx \right) dy = \int_0^1 \left(\int_{\frac{1}{2}x}^x f(x, y) dy \right) dx + \int_1^2 \left(\int_{\frac{1}{2}x}^1 f(x, y) dy \right) dx .$$



$$(3) \int_0^{2a} dx \int_0^{2ax-x^2} f(x, y) dy = \int_0^{a^2} dy \int_{a-\sqrt{a^2-y}}^{a+\sqrt{a^2-y}} f(x, y) dx .$$

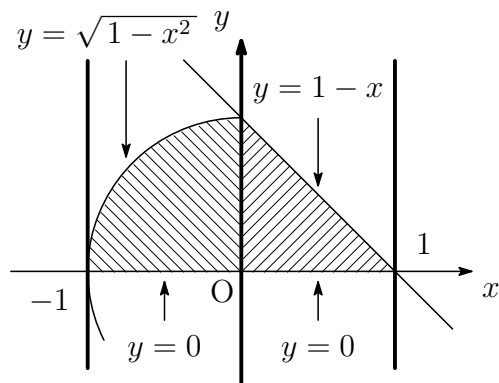
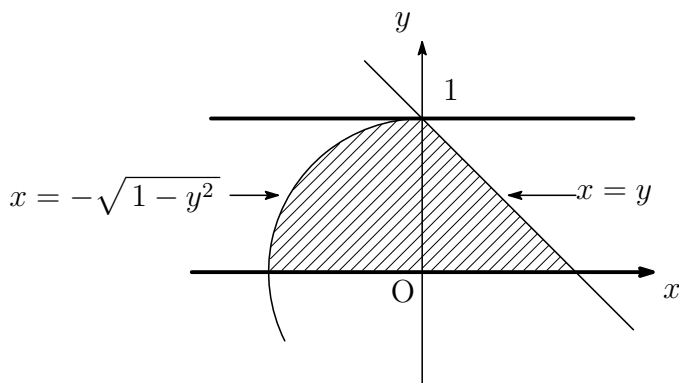


$$(4) \int_0^1 dx \int_{-x}^x f(x, y) dy = \int_{-1}^0 dy \int_{-y}^1 f(x, y) dx + \int_0^1 dy \int_y^1 f(x, y) dx .$$



$$(5) \int_0^1 \left(\int_{-\sqrt{1-y^2}}^{1-y} f(x, y) dx \right) dy$$

$$= \int_{-1}^0 \left(\int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} f(x, y) dy \right) dx + \int_0^1 \left(\int_0^{1-x} f(x, y) dy \right) dx .$$

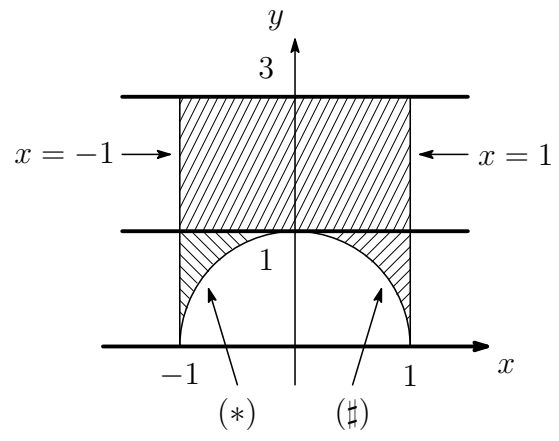
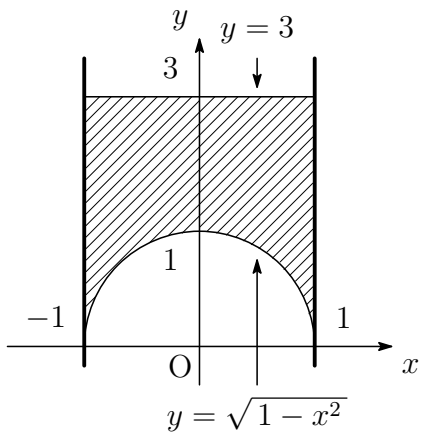


$$(6) \int_{-1}^1 \left(\int_{\sqrt{1-x^2}}^3 f(x, y) dy \right) dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 \left(\int_{-1}^{-\sqrt{1-y^2}} f(x, y) dx \right) dy + \int_0^1 \left(\int_{\sqrt{1-y^2}}^1 f(x, y) dx \right) dy$$

$$+ \int_1^3 \left(\int_{-1}^1 f(x, y) dx \right) dy .$$

(図は次ページ)



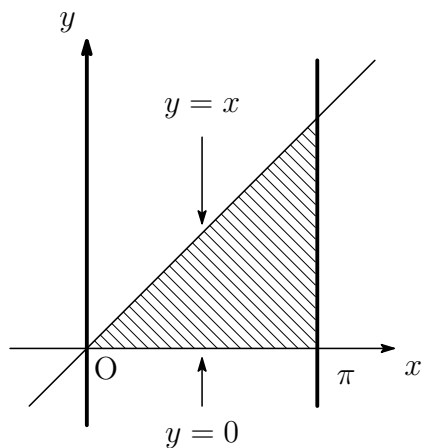
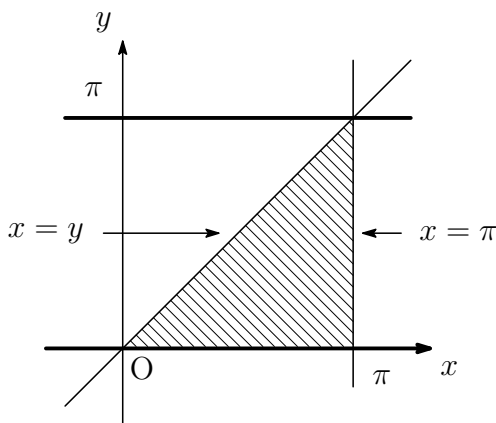
$$(*) : x = -\sqrt{1 - y^2}$$

$$(\#) : x = \sqrt{1 - y^2}$$

問題 20.2

(1) 積分順序を交換して

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^\pi \left(\int_y^\pi \frac{y \sin x}{x} dx \right) dy &= \int_0^\pi \left(\int_0^x \frac{y \sin x}{x} dy \right) dx = \int_0^\pi \left[\frac{y^2 \sin x}{2x} \right]_{y=0}^{y=x} dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\pi x \sin x dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(\left[-x \cos x \right]_0^\pi + \int_0^\pi \cos x dx \right) \\ &= \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \left[\sin x \right]_0^\pi = \frac{\pi}{2}. \end{aligned}$$



(2) 積分順序を交換して

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^1 dy \int_{\sqrt[3]{y}}^1 e^{-x^2} dx &= \int_0^1 dx \int_0^{x^3} e^{-x^2} dy = \int_0^1 \left[e^{-x^2} y \right]_{y=0}^{y=x^3} dx = \int_0^1 x^3 e^{-x^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 x^2 \cdot (-x^2)' e^{-x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \left(\left[x^2 e^{-x^2} \right]_0^1 - \int_0^1 2x e^{-x^2} dx \right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{e} - \left[-e^{-x^2} \right]_0^1 \right) = -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{e} + \frac{1}{e} - 1 \right) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{e}. \end{aligned}$$

